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SMARTSTARTALLERGY (SSA) - A NOVEL PUBLIC HEALTH PROMOTION TOOL

Introduction

- SSA is a novel tool that sends SMS via the patient's GP.
- SSA is based on SmartVax, a program used to monitor vaccine safety.
- SMS is sent by the patient's GP, as they are considered a trusted source.
- Collects
 information
 about
 introduction of
 peanut and other
 common food
 allergens.
- Collects parent reported adverse food reaction information.
- Allows follow up by GP if reaction reported.

Aim:

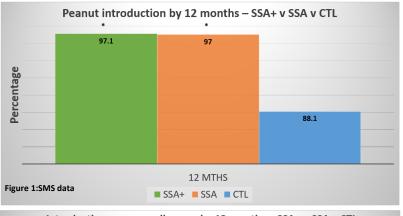
 To determine if text messaging parents encourages them to introduce the common food allergens by 1 year of age.

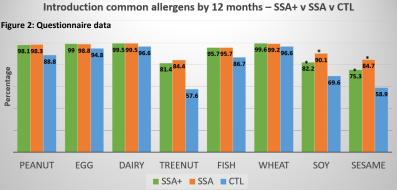
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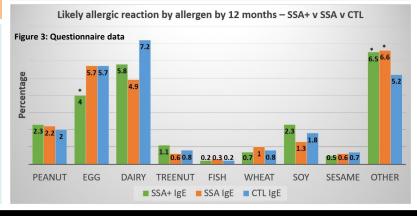
SSA was developed with Alan Leeb, Ian Peters, Michael O'Sullivan Jessica Metcalfe and Karin Orlemann. Funding has been received by the Australian Government Department of Health. The Perth Children's Hospital Foundation contributed funding to develop SSA.

Table 1 SmartStartAllergy

	Description	Timing of contact (age of infant)	State/s	Number of participants and response rate
SSA+	Intervention group Additional intervention: HP education and promotion FB campaign for parents	• 6 months • 9 months • 12 months	WA	• 6165 contacted SMS: n=2250 / RR*=36% Questionnaire: n=1460 / RR=24%
SSA	Intervention group	• 6 months • 9 months • 12 months	NSW, VIC, TAS, NT, ACT	• 3520 contacted SMS: n=1476 / RR*=42% Questionnaire: n=1058 / RR=30%
CTL	Control group	• 12 months	NSW, VIC, TAS, NT, ACT SA, QLD	• 6623 contacted SMS: n=3769 / RR=57% Questionnaire: n=1569 / RR = 24%







Methods

- SSA has two components – SMS and online questionnaire.
- Intervention group receive SMS and questionnaire when the child is 6, 9 and 12 months of age.
- Control group receive SMS and questionnaire when the child is 12 months of age.
- Patient's GP has access to identifiable data.
- De-identified data sent to secure SSA server.

Preliminary results SMS

 Figure 1: Both SSA+ (97%) and SSA (97%) significantly increased peanut introduction compared to control group (88%).

QUESTIONNAIRE

- Figure 2: There was a statistically significant difference for SSA+ and SSA compared to the control group for all allergens
- Figure 3: The proportion reporting reactions to food that are likely to be IgE-mediated based on the type of symptoms.
 There was a statistically significant difference between SSA+ and SSA and the control for e.g.
- There was a statistically significant difference between intervention (SSA+ and SSA) and control for other (foods).
- * denotes statistically significant difference